



## SECTION A - MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Full mark: **50**

Duration: **30 min**

I. Select the correct option-

**25X2=50**

1. With reference to the following statements, select the correct option:

Statement I: Convenience Sampling is usually followed in doctrinal research.

Statement II: Qualitative research is random and its findings are therefore, questionable.

- A. Both the statements are true
- B. Both the statements are false
- C. Only Statement I is True
- D. Only Statement II is True

2. With reference to the following statements, select the correct option:

Statement I: A Hypothesis is avoidable in Doctrinal Research.

Statement II: A Hypothesis is used only in Empirical research.

- A. Only Statement I is true
- B. Only Statement II is true
- C. Both Statement I and II are True
- D. None of the above

3. ----- is not a method of research.

- A. Mixed Method
- B. Non-doctrinal Method
- C. Stratified Method
- D. None of the above

4. According to Cooper (2010), a review of literature must

- A. Integrate what others have done and said in the field of study
- B. Criticize previous scholarly works
- C. All of the above
- D. None of the above

5. Which of these is a characteristic of variable?

- A. Range
- B. Validity and Reliability
- C. Measurement
- D. All of the above

6. A -----presents a visual picture of existing research about a topic:
- A. Literature Model
  - B. Literature Plan
  - C. Literature Map
  - D. All of the Above
7. -----is not a method of Coding:
- A. Axial
  - B. Radial
  - C. Open
  - D. None of the above
8. Which of these is *not* a tool for data collection in Qualitative Research?
- A. Observation
  - B. Focus Group Discussion
  - C. Vignette
  - D. Chatting
9. A is researching the impact of acid attacks on victims and finds a reference for C who is a victim and contacts her. C then leads her to Z and Z leads her to X and then X leads her to B. This is how she contacts other victims as well. This method of sampling is called
- A. Purposive Sampling
  - B. Quota Sampling
  - C. Random Sampling
  - D. Snowball Sampling
10. Regression Analysis is used in -----
- A. Quantitative Research
  - B. Doctrinal Research
  - C. Qualitative analysis
  - D. Both A and B
11. Which of the following is not a category of Interviews?
- A. Structured
  - B. Semi-Structured
  - C. Group chatting
  - D. Unstructured

12. Phenomenological Research is the study of

- A. Structures of experience
- B. Objectivity and Reality as subjectively experienced
- C. Both (a) and (b)
- D. None of the above

13. A variable that can affect the relationship between independent and dependent variable is ----

- A. Confounding Variable
- B. Situational Variable
- C. Both a and b
- D. None of the above

14. A variable which has no relationship with the independent variable or the dependent variable but can have an impact on the outcome of the study is ----

- A. Extraneous Variable
- B. Dummy Variable
- C. Resting Variable
- D. None of the above

15. ----- refers to a variable analysis method:

- A. Correlation Analysis
- B. Factor Analysis
- C. Cluster Analysis
- D. All of the above

16. Which of the following constitutional functionaries enjoy constitutional immunity from arrest?

(a) President

(b) Prime Minister

(c) Governor

(d) Chief Minister

- A. (a) and (b) only
- B. (b) and (d) only
- C. (a) and (c) only
- D. Only (a)

17. Which of the following are grounds for imposing reasonable restrictions to the Freedom of Speech and Expression under the Indian Constitution?

- (a) Sovereignty and integrity of India
- (b) Public interest
- (c) Public order
- (d) Contempt of court

- A. (a), (b) and (c)
- B. (a), (b) and (d)
- C. (a), (c) and (d)
- D. (b), (c) and (d)

18. The total number of Ministers, including the Prime Minister, in the Council of Ministers cannot exceed \_\_\_\_\_ of the total number of members of the House of the People

- A. Ten percent
- B. Fifteen percent
- C. Twenty percent
- D. Twenty-five percent

19. In which of following judgments, the Supreme Court of India has declined to recognise the right to marry as a fundamental right:

- A. *Supriyo @ Supriya Chakraborty vs Union of India* (2023)
- B. *Joseph Shine v. Union of India* (2018)
- C. *Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India* (2018)
- D. *Shafin Jahan vs. Asokan K.M* (2018)

20. The Parliament of India consists of the

- (a) Lower House
- (b) Upper House
- (c) President of India
- (d) Prime Minister of India

- A. (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- B. (a) and (b) are correct
- C. (c) and (d) are correct

D. (d) and (b) are correct

21. Jurisprudence is the study of \_\_\_\_\_ law.

- A. Religious
- B. Moral
- C. Ethical
- D. Positive

22. In Hohfeld's analysis 'immunity' corresponds to –

- A. Duty
- B. Disability
- C. Obligation
- D. No right

23. \_\_\_\_\_ has presented the thesis that *jurisprudence is a social engineering*.

- A. Black Stone
- B. Jeremy Bentham
- C. John Stuart Mill
- D. Roscoe Pound

24. According to John Austin the subject-matter of Jurisprudence is \_\_\_\_\_ law.

- A. Positive
- B. Negative
- C. Both 'a' and 'b'
- D. Metaphysical

25. Hart dismissed American realism as 'the claim that talk of rules is a myth, cloaking the truth that law consists simply of the decisions of courts and predictions of them.' What is the strongest reason for regarding this remark as unfair?

- A. Because American realism was not concerned with the predictions of what courts will do but more interested in the rights and duties of parties involved in litigation.
- B. Because American realists were preoccupied with the concept of justice and its application in American courts.
- C. Because the American realists exposed the limitations of a doctrinal account of law without a proper empirical investigation of the way it functions thereby paving the way to a sociological approach to law.
- D. Because the principal focus of the American realist 'school' was legal education.

## SECTION B- LONG QUESTIONS

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATE

Full mark: **50**

Duration: **1 Hr 30 min**

1. Start a new page for each question and take care to identify each answer clearly with the number of the question and, where appropriate, the part you are answering and write your answers in sequence i.e. number wise.
2. For candidates applying for Ph.D. in Law, answer any two questions from Law and for candidates applying in Interdisciplinary with Law, answer any 1 from Law and any one from their subject preference.
3. The word limit for each of the answers should not be more than 800 words.

**Ph.D. in Law -25X2=50 Marks**

**Interdisciplinary with Law-25X1=25**

#### **Law**

1. Is enforcement of private morality justified? Discuss in light of the Hart-Devlin debate, provisions in the Indian legal system, and the approach of the courts in India.
2. The purpose of law is social engineering. Discuss Roscoe Pound's theory of social engineering with reference to reservation policy in India.
3. Critically examine the collegium system of appointment of judges to the Indian judiciary highlighting its advantages and shortcomings.
4. Transparency in electoral funding has always been an issue in Indian elections. In the light of the statement discuss the judgment of the Supreme Court in the Electoral Bonds case.

**For candidates applying for interdisciplinary with law in the following subject areas, attempt any 1 question.**

**Interdisciplinary with Law-25X1=25**

#### **Management**

1. Let's take a look at what kind of personality our character in the mini case study has. The mini case study is about Rhett Stark, a sales rep at Vertical horizon, a software company. Rhett was with the company for over eight years. He is a high-performing but socially disruptive employee.

Here are Rhett's personality and where does it fall based on MBTI, Big 5 Model and Dark Triad: (We can explain a bit what each means-MBTI, Big 5 and Dark Triad)

Rhett's Personality Charming These are positive personalities that made him the undisputed master of the sale Narcissism. Natural leader Extraversion (Big 5) Social (ringleader, go out drinking and partying) These are

Rhett's downside or negative personalities that caused the problem Extrovert (MBTI)Not sympathetic  
Psychopathy Make fun of people behind their back Psychopathy Unethical (Having an affair with women)  
Narcissism (Dark Triad)

#### PROBLEM:

1. Because the behaviour was supported by the VP of sales, Rhett might think that it was ok to spend the nights clubbing and bar hopping together without realizing the negative effect on some male team members who were facing stressful marital difficulties due to late nights out drinking. When it was brought up to Rhett's attention, instead of being sympathetic, he just laughed.

2. Rhett made fun of other employees who does not go out with them.

3. Rhett's intimate relationship or affairs with female staff despite being married.

- a) Imagine you being, the Director of Human Resource Management at the company, how would you handle Rhett who is a high performing but socially disruptive employee. (10 Marks)
- b) How would you relate Behaviour sciences with law in relation to this case. (15 Marks)

2. You are one of the promoters of a start-up company "Sui Dhaga" dealing with export of traditional Indian weaves in the American and European Market. Draft a Business Plan and an organizational design dealing with four departments namely Marketing; Sales, Legal, Finance, Operations and Human Resources. You also have a tie up with different Cooperative Societies of different States namely Odisha, Gujrat, Rajasthan, Andhra Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh.

Draw A flowchart explaining the role of the different departments along with their strategic Planning.

#### **Political science**

1. "On the 26th of January 1950, we are going to enter into a life of contradictions." Explain the contradiction that Dr. Ambedkar was referring to in his last speech to the Constituent Assembly. What measures have been taken by the Government of India to resolve this contradiction and achieve democracy in political, social, and economic life?

2. Analyse the Preamble of the Indian Constitution as a text encapsulating the fundamentals of a social contract between the State and its citizens by referring to the social contract theory given by Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, and Jean-Jacques Rousseau.

#### **Economics**

1. Discuss the demerits of Gender Inequality in the context of developing economies as outlined in the latest Human Development Report.
2. Justify the role of Financial Inclusion as an essential tool for achieving the pursuit of social justice. Briefly discuss the strategic objectives envisioned by the Reserve Bank of India.

#### **English**

1. On the basis of your reading the passage, write a counter-argument stating the importance of maintaining seriousness during the courtroom proceedings.

Courtroom humour: Mining the Indian legal system for laughs

- By Samanwaya Rautray via ET Bureau

For the average Indian litigant, engaging with the country's court system can be a frustratingly agonising experience, akin to slow torture as cases take ages to move through the clogged judicial process. Director Chaitanya Tamhane's recent movie *Court* offers a realistic take on the experience of those unfortunates who get trapped in the Indian legal system.

But along with justice, there's a lot of humour that laces the daily working lives of lawyers. John Mortimer's superlative *Rumpole* series perfectly captured some of the shenanigans that go on in Britain's criminal courts but no one has really mined the Indian legal system for laughs. Maybe because a quirky sense of humour has been known to get people into trouble over here. As with any other Indian workplace, much of the so-called humour is merely sexism or some other form of prejudice dressed up as banter. Leaving that aside, over the years some of the sharpest legal brains in the country have bent their intellect to the cause of lightening the tone. Every lawyer has an anecdote to share that will crack you up. In between the interminable wait for their cases to be taken up, a fair section of the black-robed community is either gossiping or relishing some courtroom drama enacted by a fellow lawyer.

The redoubtable G Ramaswamy often displayed his expertise at repartee and the quick comeback. Once such instance occurred at the Supreme Court, when Ramaswamy was attorney general. On the bench were two formidable figures, one of them known as the green judge for his aggressive stance on the environment.

An exasperated Justice Kuldip Singh is believed to have demanded of Ramaswamy during the course of the hearing: "You think we are fools?"

Ramaswamy replied with much gravity: "My lords have put me a very difficult situation. If I agree I am in contempt, if I disagree, I commit perjury." That got even the judges laughing.

Senior lawyer Abhishek Manu Singhvi, also a Congress party spokesperson, confirmed the incident. "I was present in court when it happened," he said. Sanjay

Hegde, who was once Ramaswamy's junior, said there were quite a few instances of his sense of humour. Senior advocate Arvind P Datar and Sebi counsel Pratap Venugopal recounted how, irritated by the pittance he was paid in a case,

Ramaswamy once said: "How do you expect a patrol car to work when you put diesel in it?"

The colourful Ram Jethmalani, unusually for him, once came off worse in a duel with former solicitor general Kirit Raval. Jethmalani was demanding vehemently that the court should "remit" a case back to the lower court. The softspoken Raval gritted through his teeth: "All my friend is interested is in remittances!"

This was when Jethmalani was defending Bofors in the defence payoff case ostensibly for very exorbitant legal fees. Of the plethora of India legal websites that have mushroomed, [legalserviceindia](#) is probably the only one that dedicates space to courtroom humour, while [Vakilno1](#) carries a few jokes. It's different in the US and the UK, which have websites dedicated to courtroom wit and humour besides unusual cases that land up in the courts. However, freedom of speech rules are very strong in those countries, especially in the US, where even Supreme Court judges are subjected to harsh criticism and ridicule for their decisions by the media.

Hegde said part of the reason is cultural. As Indians, we prefer to hand down tales orally, rather than writing things down. Others said it's part of our inability to laugh at ourselves. Hegde could recall only one Indian book on court humour.

Hrishikesh Datar, who runs the website Vakilsearch.com, said the public's reluctance to associate humour with lawyers could also be responsible for this. "Lawyers in general are considered to be very serious and, in the eyes of the public, it would be improper to associate humour with them," he said. Will Indian courtroom humour ever be recorded and not lost to posterity? Possibly, said Hegde.

Until then, one has to settle for the one-off instance of a Fali S Nariman narrating an incident that took place in a US court. "I have in my study some pictures of an American courtroom where the judge, apparently bored by the counsel's argument, has gone to sleep. So, the counsel leans forward and tells the court clerk: 'Charlie wake him up.'

Charlie cheekily responds: 'You wake him up, since you put him to sleep in the first place'."

Then there's the lawyer who couldn't help chortling in the Supreme Court's corridors over the phrase "bar and the bench". Because it went so well with the image of judges grappling with the complexities of the Kerala ban on liquor bars.

2. Comment on the importance of using plain English in legal documents. Supply relevant examples to support your arguments.

**WRITE ANSWERS TO LONG QUESTIONS**























## **ROUGH WORK**

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